

DIXON EVENING TELEGRAPH.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DIXON BY ACT OF CITY COUNCIL

TELEGRAPH—SIXTY-EIGHTH YEAR

DIXON, ILLINOIS, FRIDAY, JULY 26, 1918

DAILY TELEGRAPH—THIRTY-FOURTH YEAR —170

MORE IMPORTANT TOWNS FALL TO THE ALLIES

SHERIFFS GIVE ENDORSEMENT TO WAR ACTIVITIES

Pass Resolutions Supporting Wilson and Lowden At Today's Meeting

FOR NEW LEGISLATION

Will Seek New State Law Providing For Uniformity Of All Legal Fees

Be It Resolved by the Sheriffs' Association of the State of Illinois in convention assembled at Dixon, Illinois, on July 26th, 1918, we hereby heartily commend the war course of President Wilson and Governor Lowden and approve of their activities in behalf of the cause.

We further respectfully pledge our utmost endeavors to the upholding of the efforts of the National and State Administration in the promotion of loyalty and patriotism.

We further pledges our greatest efforts and all the energies of which we are capable in the promotion of the cause of our country in whatever capacity we may be called upon by the proper officials to render such service, and hereby respectfully tender our services in any capacity which may be needed and for which they may be called.

Endorse Schoenholz.
The afternoon resolutions thanking Sheriff Phillips and his deputy, Frank Schoenholz, W. B. Brinton, the Elks, Chamber of Commerce and all who assisted in their entertainment were also adopted; as was a measure endorsing the candidacy of and favoring the election of Frank Schoenholz of Lee county.

Ne wOfficers.
New officers were elected as follows:
President—Geo. Scholl, Joliet Co.
Vice President—C. H. Draper, Fulton Co.
Secretary—Edward Petrie, St. Claire Co.
Treasurer—George E. Fleschner, McLean Co.

A movement to secure the passage of a bill by the Illinois General Assembly which will make the fees for Sheriffs' services the same in every county in the state, was started at this morning's session of the annual convention of the Illinois Sheriff's Association, which convened yesterday.

It was shown that the present laws have really accomplished much harm to the various sheriffs' offices and have in many ways hampered the proper administration of the affairs of the offices. Accordingly the old members, all of whose terms will expire in five months, decided to retain their memberships and to lend their aid in securing proper legislative relief at the coming session of the legislature. To bring about this co-operation it was decided to hold the next meeting in Springfield in January, during the early part of the next General Assembly.

The First Session.

The opening session of the convention was held in the Circuit Court rooms yesterday afternoon, and was merely a formal greeting of the guests. Commissioner A. B. Whitcombe appeared in behalf of

(Continued on page 5)

ORDER JOHNSON SENT TO CAMP

The local exemption board today received a telegram from Lieut. Col. Catlin of the 161st Depot Brigade, Camp Grant, instructing them to return Corp. Robert Johnson, the colored soldier who was arrested at Amboy yesterday in an intoxicated condition, to the camp without guard, if it was considered advisable. Johnson will be given the opportunity of returning to the camp and making good with the officers.

FIVE MEN WILL LEAVE WEDNESDAY

The five limited service men drafted from Lee county for special service—Oscar E. Schoenholz, Compton; Wm. P. Burhenn, China; Fred Enichen, Francis W. Heckman and Harry F. Briscoe of Dixon—have been ordered to report to the board for roll call and instructions at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, July 30. They will leave for Syracuse, N. Y., on the Sterling passenger at 7:23 a.m. Wednesday, July 31.

FIRST DIXON BOY ON ROLL



DIXON BOY DESCRIBES TRIP TO SO. AMERICA ABOARD BATTLESHIP

Frank Gorham Writes Very Interestingly Of Trip To Chili Ports

ON FINE SHORE LEAVE

Members of Crew Were Royally Entertained While There

The following very interesting letter from Frank Gorham of the U. S. S. Vermont, written from Balboa, Panama, Canal Zone, on July 14th, 1918, has been received by his father, Thomas J. Gorham, 1101 Fourth street, and family:

Dear Folks:

Have liberty here today so will make good use of it by starting off with a letter to all of you.

We arrived safe and sound back from Chile yesterday morning and had some wonderful trip. It is something to prize the rest of a fellow's life. In crossing the equator line every man on the ship, including all officers are initiated and believe me it was a "peach"—done by the "Nepotism Party"—a bunch of thirty or more, who were all out of the crew and who had been over before. Later we received our certificates signed by the Captain, our Ambassador and King Neptune with the ship's seal to show we had been across. We were twelve days under way between here and Chile—laid over one day in a harbor on the coast of Chile with a Chinese settlement on the hills—just to kill time.

The body (being the body of the

(Continued on page 4)

FUNERAL SERVICES ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON

LAST SAD RITES FOR MRS. JULIA HOOKER TO BE HELD AT 3 P. M. SATURDAY.

Funeral services for the late Mrs. Julia Hooker will be held at 3 p. m. Saturday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Wm. R. McGinnis, 904 Peoria avenue, Rev. J. M. Tidball of the Presbyterian church of this city, with which Mrs. Hooker was affiliated for the past 25 or more years, will conduct the services. Interment will be made in Oakwood.

Julia Marian Hooker was born in Franklin Grove March 27, 1840 and died at her home, 904 Peoria avenue, July 25, 1918, aged 78 years, 3 months and 28 days. She was the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James N. Holly, respected pioneer settlers of Franklin Grove and later of Palmyra.

Mrs. Hooker was united in marriage to Milto Santeen and to this union two children were born, Helen, who died in infancy and Homer, who lived to manhood, dying at San Diego, Cal., several years ago.

Her second marriage to James Chauncey Hooker took place April 24, 1876. Two children were born, Charles Edward Hooker and Grace, Mrs. Wm. McGinnis, both of this city who with three grandchildren, Mary Hooker and Nan and John McGinnis of this city, and a sister, Mrs. Jacob Echternach of Sterling, survive. Mrs. Echternach is the last member of a large family.

Mrs. Hooker was an amiable and loving wife and mother and was held in high esteem by a large circle of friends who extend sincere sympathy to the relatives in their great loss. Mrs. Hooker was for many years a member of the Presbyterian church, giving it her faithful and substantial support.

RAIN AND WIND DAMAGED CROPS

The severe rain and wind storm which swept over this section yesterday afternoon caused considerable damage by blowing down the corn and beating such small grain as had not been cut flat to the ground. The damage is reported to have been especially severe east of Franklin Grove.

PEASANTS REVOLT IN THE UKRAIN

By Associated Press
London, July 26—A peasant revolt has broken out in the Ukraine on a formidable scale, according to information received today. 75,000 peasants, fairly efficient troops, with officers and instructors, are advancing against German detachments, of whom some have been withdrawn before the invading peasants, retreating to Kiev. The peasants are well armed.

DOCTORS HOLD A CONSULTATION

Three doctors today are holding a consultation over the condition of James Boyer, who is critically ill.

CITY CAR WAS OFF THE TRACK

Traffic on the S. D. & E., both city and interurban, was delayed for over half an hour last evening when a south bound city car jumped the track at the intersection of Galena and River street, blocking the outbound 8 o'clock interurban car and the colony car.

ROCK RIVER ASSEMBLY TO OPEN TOMORROW

Thirty-First Annual Session Will Be Ushered In At Noon

BIG ORCHESTRA HERE

Rock River Assembly will open its 31st session tomorrow at noon. All attractions on the program are the best that money can purchase and there will not be a dead day during the entire session.

The program for the opening day, Saturday, will be as follows:

Opening Day, Saturday, July 27.

2:15 p. m.—(A) Opening Exercises, Rev. C. Edward Derr, Ph. D., presiding. Invocation, Rev. Jesse M. Tidball. Preliminary remarks and address of welcome by the president of the Assembly Board, Theodore Trout, of Sterling, Ill.

2:45 p. m.—(A) Musical concert, Goforth's Orchestra. (Six men, all fine musicians. Special solos on the flute, saxophone, xylophone and mirlaphone. One of the most popular of our musical attractions.)

3:30 p. m.—(A) Band Prelude. The Dixon Municipal Band.

8:15 p. m.—(A) Grand Orchestral Concert, Goforth's Orchestra.

9:30 p. m.—(A) Moving Pictures. These will be under the direction of Mr. L. C. Rorer of Dixon.

WILSON IN APPEAL TO COUNTRY TO STOP MOB LAWLESSNESS

The President Today Issued Statement On Action Against Suspects

IS NOT TRUE LIBERTY

Says Those Who Participate Are Not True Sons Of Democracy

By Associated Press Leased Wire
Washington, July 26—President Wilson today in a personal statement addressed to his fellow countrymen, denouncing mob spirit and mob action, called upon the nation to show the world that while it fights for democracy on foreign fields it is not destroying democracy at home.

The president referred not alone to mob action against those suspected of being enemy aliens or enemy sympathizers; he denounced most emphatically mob action of all sorts, especially lynchings, and while he did not refer specifically to lynchings of negroes in the South, it is known that he included them in his characterization of mob spirit as "a blow at the heart of ordered law and humane justice."

It is known that the lynchings of negroes as well as attacks upon those suspected of being enemies or sympathizers have been used by the German propaganda throughout Central and South America as well as in Europe, to contend that the pretensions of the United States as a champion of democracy are a sham. Deeply

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VICKSBURG BOARD

FIXES DEDICATION

MONUMENTS OF ILLINOIS HEROES TO BE DEDICATED AT PARK NOV. 13.

Col. C. H. Noble, president of the Vicksburg Commission, returned today from a several days' conference at Springfield between the members of the commission, the Governor and the Adjutant General. The date fixed by the state officials and the members of the commission was Nov. 13, at which time the monuments of Generals Grant, McArthur, Logan, John E. Smith, Carr and Dennis will be dedicated. The program will be arranged later.

Mr. Noble says that the farmers in the vicinity of Springfield and Bloomington are threshing their grain. He also said that yesterday it did not rain south of Bloomington.

WAR MOTHERS AGAIN ASK SOLDIERS' NAMES

LOCAL SOCIETY VERY DESIROUS OF OBTAINING DATA CONCERNING OUR TROOPS

A meeting of the War Council of Mothers will be held at G. A. R. Hall Tuesday. The body is very desirous of obtaining the name of every boy in the county who is in the service of his country, together with the data concerning it, the date of enlistment or draft, the name of parents, and the office or rank held. Every relative of soldier, marine, or U. S. seaman, should transmit this information at the earliest opportunity either to Mrs. E. L. Kling, the president, Mrs. Tyrone Rosbrook, or Mrs. Thomas Clayton, of Dixon. The record book 1175 names, five of which are on the roll of honor with gold stars attached.

KING'S WINE IS SOLD FOR CHARITY

By Associated Press

London, July 26.—A wagon load of wines from the cellars of Buckingham Palace, contributed by King George V as a gift to the Red Cross, was sold at auction here the other day and brought a total of \$8,500. The royal champagne fetched \$100 a dozen bottles, while \$125 a dozen was paid for a royal sherry dating back to 1841.

MAKE AIRPLANE FOR POPULAR USE

By Associated Press
London, July 26.—An English airplane factory proposes after the war to manufacture a standardized airplane for popular use, which it expects to be able to put on the market at a uniform price of \$500.

Charles Smith was here from Amboy today.

ALLIES CONTINUE TO CLOSE IN ON GERMAN ARMIES IN SALIENT

Villemontoire and Oulchy-La-Chateau Have Been Captured By Franco-American Forces, Which Swept On To Eastward—Battles In Heavy Woods Are Violent—Allies Bring Up Big Guns and Harrass Entire Soissons-Rheims Salient

BULLETIN.

(Associated Press Leased Wire)

With the French Army, July 26, Noon.—With the capture today of Oulchy Le Chateau the allies are nearing the summit of the plateau overlooking Fere-en-Tardenois. Further north the capture of Villamontoire after fighting of the most desperate character in the streets and deep caverns nearby.

East of Rheims the French, under command of General Gouraud have recovered virtually the entire line of advance posts they abandoned when the Germans made their first onslaught on the night of July 14. The famous Main de Massiges which marked the eastern extremity of the Germans' offensive line, is again in allied possession. Everywhere in this region the ground is covered with German bodies which the enemy have been unable to bury since they suffered such tremendous losses from the allied artillery when they commenced their assault on the French.

BULLETIN.

(Associated Press Leased Wire)

With the American Army on the Aisne-Marne Front, July 26, 2 P. M.—Franco-American troops on the front northeast of Chateau Thierry are moving further forward. All along the front to the east the movement is likewise.

The allies at one point attained an objective a kilometer away. Clinging desperately to the hills and woods the Germans are using their artillery, machine guns, air forces and gas shells in an effort to hamper the allied advance.

By Associated Press Leased Wire

Villemontoire, a town a little more than 5 miles south of Soissons, has been taken by the French and Americans while further to the south the allies have captured Oulchy-Le-Chateau and have swept on to the eastward of that town.

Between the Ourcq and the Marne the Americans are pressing hard against the enemy line and have cleared the south half of La Fere forest, which brings them up to about 4 miles directly south of the vital town of Fere-en-Tardenois, on the center road leading back out of the arne salient and through which the German forces along the southwest sector of the line must retreat.

Ris forest, further to the southeast toward the Marne, is also being emptied of the Germans.

The capture of Villemontoire and Oulchy-Le-Chateau seems to show that General Mangin, while keeping up the pressure all along the line, is able to concentrate large forces at vital points, the loss of which are a menace to the Germans.

Villamontoire is on the Chateau Thierry road, to the south of Buzancy, which has been unofficially reported as having been taken by the allies. Its capture marks a new step in the process of closing the mouth of the bag in which the Germans are struggling.

The fall of Oulchy-Le-Chateau takes from the Germans the pivot on which their retirement further south has been swinging. It is a severe loss to the enemy and was sternly defended.

The French official statement says that the allies have advanced to the east of this town, which brings them to the vicinity of Hill 150, a dominating height in that region which would give the allies an observation point over long reaches of the Ourcq valley.

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SERVICE FLAG REGULATIONS

These Are Not Official But They Have the Approval of the Adjutant General

Many inquiries concerning proper use of the service flag reach the State Council of Defense. In answer to all of them the publicity department states that there are no official rules or regulations covering use of the service flag, because the service flag itself is unofficial. However, the following, prepared in the Judge Advocate General's office, is the approval of the Adjutant General of the army:

Entitled to a star—All officers and enlisted men of the regular army, the regular army reserve, the officer's reserve corps, and the enlisted reserve corps; of the national guard and the national guard reserve recognized by the Military Bureau of the war department; of the navy, the marine corps and the coast guard; of the naval militia, naval reserve force, the marine corps reserve, and national naval volunteers recognized by the navy department; officers only of the public health service, detailed by the secretary of the treasury for duty either with the army or with the navy; personnel of lighthouse service and of coast guard geodetic survey transferred by the president to the service and jurisdiction of war or navy department; members of the nurse corps, army field clerks, field clerks of the quartermaster corps, civilian clerks and military employees on duty with the military forces detailed for service abroad in accordance with the provisions of existing law; members of any other body who have heretofore or may hereafter become a part of the military or naval forces of the United States.

The term "military service" as used in this definition shall signify active service in any branch of service heretofore mentioned or referred to, but reserves and persons on the retired list shall not be included in the term "persons in military service" until ordered to active service.

Men attending officers' training camps of the United States army or navy cantonments, camps or forts are in the active military service.

While it is not intended to minimize the work done by persons connected with or of assistance to the

PRIESTS SPEAK AGAINST FEINERS

By Associated Press

Dublin, July 26.—Some of the older Irish priests, particularly in County Wexford, have been speaking out strongly against the Sinn Feiners. Very Rev. Canon Welsh, presiding at a meeting of the Crossabeg and Ballymurn branch of the United Irish League, said the prospect before Ireland was a gloomy one, as the "criminal lunacy of Sinn Fein" was turning all Ireland's friends against her. By insulting and trampling upon the American flag and cheering for Emperor William, he said, the "unruly Sinn Fein faction" was turning the French Republic, the American nation and the English democracy into bitter enemies of Ireland.

Rather than gain independence for Ireland they were more likely to gain twenty years of coercion and martial law, if any general support were accorded by Irishmen to the antics of the "miserable faction" whose record, said Canon Walsh, so far, was one of dissension, disruption and disaster. The democracy

WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Need Help to Pass the Crisis Safely—Proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Can be Relied Upon.

Urbana, Ill.—"During Change of Life, in addition to its annoying symptoms, I had an attack of gripes which lasted all winter and left me in a weakened condition. I felt at times that I would never be well again.

Then I read of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it did for women passing through the Change of Life, so I told my doctor I would try it. I soon began to gain in strength and the annoying symptoms disappeared and your Vegetable Compound has made me a well, strong woman so I do all my own housework. I cannot recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound too highly to women passing through the Change of Life.

Mrs. FRANK HENSON, 1316 S. Orachad St., Urbana, Ill.

Women who suffer from nervousness, heat flashes, backache, headaches and "the blues" should try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

FOR SKIN ERUPTIONS

Nothing heals and clears the skin of infants and children like

SYKES COMFORT POWDER

which contains harmless antiseptic healing ingredients not found in any other powder.

25c at the Vinot and other drug stores.

The Comfort Powder Co., Boston, Mass.

JAPAN TO SEND MOST OF FORCE TO GO TO AID OF THE RUSSIANS

Americans and Other Allies To Furnish Troops To Aid Expedition

DECISION IS COMING

U. S. May Send Division Of Veterans From The Philippines

BULLETIN

By Associated Press Leased Wire

London, July 26.—It is announced officially here that Japan has decided to accept the American proposal to assist the Czecho-Slovak armies in Siberia.

(b) For those killed in action a gold star will be substituted for the blue star, or superimposed on it, entirely covering it.

(c) For those wounded in action a silver star will be substituted for the blue star, or superimposed on it, entirely covering it.

(d) For those who subsequently die from such wound or gas disablement, the gold star will be superimposed on the silver, leaving a margin of silver around the gold.

(e) For those disabled or invalidated home by injury or disease incurred in the line of duty, a silver star will be superimposed on the blue, leaving a margin of blue around the silver.

(f) For those who subsequently die as a result of such accident or disease contracted in line of duty, a gold star will be substituted for this silver star, or superimposed on it, covering the silver entirely, but leaving the margin of blue.

(g) Men reported missing are presumed to have been taken prisoner, and should continue to be represented by the blue star.

(h) Men discharged, not for the good of the service or on request or resignation but from wounds or physical incapacity contracted in the line of duty, shall continue to be represented by the silver star. When discharged for other causes they would appear to be thereafter no more entitled to representation than others not in the military service.

military or naval service, but not a part of it, members of the Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., K. C., Jewish Welfare Board, and like organizations are not to be represented on the service flag.

No objection is seen to extending the service flag honor to those in the service of our allies.

Meaning of the stars—(a) A blue star is used to represent each person, man or woman, in the military or naval service of the U. S.

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Men attending officers' training camps of the United States army or navy cantonments, camps or forts are in the active military service.

While it is not intended to minimize the work done by persons connected with or of assistance to the

United States undertakes to furnish economic assistance to Russia on a vast scale.

The troops of Japan and all allied nations will be withdrawn from Russia, including Siberia, upon the conclusion of peace.

Soon to Announce Decision

The agreement which concludes three months of negotiations among the allies, but principally between Washington and Tokio, will be announced by President Wilson within a few days, possibly tomorrow. Mr. Wilson conferred upon the matter with Acting Secretary of State Polk today.

Neither the U. S. nor the allies will be deterred from the step they are about to take by the threats of the Bolsheviks against the anti-German alliance.

Lenine's pronouncement that the landing of allied forces on the Murman coast constitutes an act of war and that the Russian government will act accordingly, caused no surprise in Washington. There have been rumors for several days that the Bolsheviks were about to make such a decision, which the officials here believe was inspired by the Germans.

Fears for Francis.

The original protest of the Bolsheviks upon the landing of the allied troops at Kola and the occupation of the peninsula reached the state department several weeks ago but no attention was paid to it because the U. S. has not recognized the Bolshevik government.

No word has been received directly from Ambassador Francis, and there is a feeling of apprehension in official circles here regarding his position. It is known that efforts to get messages through to Mr. Francis within the last few days failed.

The Bolsheviks are in control of Vologda, where Ambassador Francis was at last accounts. The official opinion here is that the Bolshevik government may hand the ambassador his passports and order him out of the country, though such action would not be countenanced under international law.

Counts on Russian Aid.

So far as Bolshevik enmity to the allies is concerned, the president is confident that the assistance to be given Russia will disarm suspicion and cause a revulsion of sentiment throughout the republic against the elements now dominated by Germany.

It was learned on high authority today that while the situation created by the activities of 50,000 Czechoslovak soldiers scattered across Siberia and into European Russia as far as Samara radically modified the position of the allied nations, the allied expedition will be primarily in the interests of Russia, and the relief to the Czechoslovak troops will be merely an incident.

While modification of the proposal by President Wilson may have been suggested by the Japanese government it was stated in diplomatic circles that the agreement was reached after problems of the greatest diplomatic significance had been solved.

No Grab by Japan.

Whether northern Manchuria, Russia's sphere in Chinese territory, is relinquished by Russia and reverts to China, or becomes a Japanese sphere, it is known that Japan will not seek to retain any Russian territory and will withdraw her forces from Siberia together with those of the other allied countries and of the United States when the objects of the expedition shall have been realized.

Great secrecy is being observed with regard to the military dispositions to be made, but, according to intelligence obtained in well informed quarters, it is indicated that the movement will begin within two weeks.

It is not impossible that the transportation of Japanese forces to Siberia has already begun, as it is the common understanding among the allies that the aid must be furnished to Russia at the earliest moment possible.

The initial military movement, it is understood, will extend along both branches of the Siberian railroad to

Chita, where a second phase of the operations will develop, carrying the allied forces to Irkutsk beyond Lake Baikal, which is nearly half way across Siberia. Eastern Siberia will rapidly be restored to order, the expedition operating in conjunction with the local governments, which will administer the civil laws.

May Patch East Front.

The extension of the military activities to the Ural mountains, bordering European Russia, will await developments. It is believed in some allied quarters that the advance of the expedition to European Russia would hasten the solution of the Russian problem and also expedite the reorganization of an eastern allied front.

It is considered probable China will participate in the expedition to Siberia, both with provisions and troops.

It has not been divulged to what extent the British and French will participate in the campaign in Siberia, but it is certain that their naval forces in the far east will be used in the operations, and possibly contingents of troops from the British and French possessions in Asia will be employed.

The U. S. might make use in Siberia of a division of troops from the Philippine islands, most of these being veterans.

Specialists in real estate can be of great service to you if you have property to sell. But you must cooperate by authorizing an adequate expenditure for advertising. Not to do this is to handicap them—to assure delay to fail to find the best market for your property. Why not try an ad in THE TELEGRAPH?

NOTION PICTURES TO AID NATIONS' LEAGUE

Writer in London Paper Predicts Cinema Will Play Big Part

By Associated Press

Washington, July 26.—"It is through the cinema that the nations of the world will get to understand each other; the cinema will be a tremendous power in cementing the projected league of nations which is to maintain world peace," declared writer in the London Evening News urging that British motion picture manufacturers should best themselves to overcome American "domination" of the market. Calling attention to the powerful influence of the screen in affecting the thought of the public, the writer further demands that the government, possibly through the Colonial Office, should assist in pushing British films on the markets of the Empire and see that "the heart of England is not American."

Ninety per cent of the ideals and sentiment emanating from British screens is American," the writer continued, according to a copy of the article transmitted in official dispatches to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. "We should not grumble, I am sure, if 10 per cent of the ideals and one per cent of the sentiment shown on American screens were British. But they are not. American ideals and sentiment dominate the screens of the whole world.

"The British dominions, as far as the cinema is concerned, are in the hands of the cinema 'kings' of the United States, some of them of German origin, but as keenly American as any to see the Stars and Stripes flutter on the screens of the world. There are few pictures nowadays in which have been worse after a look-in.

"Americanization of the world through the moving picture has been going on for the past four years. American ideals, the American flag, railway stock, motor cars, police courts, flood the screens. To the people of the British Empire, the greatest men of all time are George Washington and Abraham Lincoln, Nelson, Drake and Wellington have no place on the screen."

Canadian pictures are almost wholly made in America, the writer asserts. Australia will have none of British pictures, except topical films, and there also is no market for the British product in New Zealand. India is the one "bright spot" in the Empire where British films are welcomed.

"Let us have some reciprocity with America," the article concludes. "Let us exchange our pictures and learn of one another. It is that or the Americanization or Germanization of the world through the cinema. And it is going to have a big effect."

JOFFRE'S CHIEF OF STAFF WRITES OF WAR

Lieut. Col. Fabre Released From Active Service On Account of Wounds

IS FINE JOURNALIST

By Associated Press

Paris, July 26.—After a long period of anonymity made necessary because of his active connection with the army, Lieutenant Colonel Fabre, chief of staff to Marshall Joffre and his companion on the Marshall's visit to America, has come out under his own name in the new Paris daily, "Oui." He will hereafter write the trenchant military criticisms under his own name rather than as "Bouchavesnes," whose identity has always puzzled the readers of "Oui" quite as much as the articles have pleased.

Lieutenant Colonel Fabre retires from the regular army in consequence of his many serious injuries while fighting. He has become one of the principal editors of "Oui," with the direct, though it is said reluctant, permission of Marshall

Joffre, who deeply regrets having to part with his faithful chief of staff.

Lieutenant Colonel Fabre's war record is as brilliant as his journalistic work. At the beginning of the war he was a captain of the staff of General Dubail, the recently supplanted military governor of Paris. He wanted a more active life, and was transferred to the command of the 23rd battalion of the famous Alpine Chasseurs.

He led them through battles in the Woeuvre, at St. Mihiel, Ypres, Dixmude, Arras and in the Vosges, and at Reichsackerkopf was so seriously wounded that one leg was amputated. He was carried to a hospital and lay there for fifteen months before recovering. His life was despaired of at times, but his indomitable grit and pluck carried him through.

Discharged from the hospital, he amased even his friends by expressing a desire to continue on active service of some kind. Marshal Joffre called him in as chief of staff and the colonel has been constantly with the "grand old man," "Papa" Joffre ever since.

As "Bouchavesnes" he has achieved a reputation as a military critic and has done much to build up the circulation of "Oui."

SEVENTY-ONE PUPILS OF LEE CO. SCHOOLS PERFECT ATTENDANCE

County Supt. Miller Submits Fine Reports of Rural Schools Pupils

The following named pupils have been neither absent nor tardy during the past school year:

Dist. No. 7.—Pupils, Carrie Heckman, Charles Heckman; Teacher, Mrs. Guy Moulton.

Dist. No. 18.—Pupils, Esther Laursen, Mildred Laursen; Teacher Laursen, M. Power.

Dist. No. 21.—Pupils, Vernon Muerer; Teacher, Bertha H. Kilmer.

Dist. No. 34.—Pupils, Elwin J. Levan, Elmer A. Levan, Frank Jan Sander, Katherine Janssen; Teacher Francis M. Levan.

Dist. No. 35.—Pupils, Leo G. Brechon, Henry G. Brechon, Alice L. Brechon, Sylvia L. Brechon, Francis A. Brechon; Teacher, Julie Brechon.

Dist. No. 37.—Pupils, Bessie Blackburn, Adaline Blackburn; Teacher, Mrs. Agnes Garland.

Dist. No. 53.—Pupils, Ernest Morris, Everett Feldkirchner; Teacher Bessie Feldkirchner.

Dist. No. 60.—Pupil, Herman Schafer; Teacher, Marcella G. Kirby.

Dist. No. 66.—Pupils, Sylvere Haefner, Sylvester Haefner, Pearl Lawson, Florence Jones, Clara Lawson, Letha Haefner; Teacher, Anne E. Miller.

Dist. No. 81.—Pupil, Zita Henry; Teacher, Clara Bode.

THE SOCIETY

COMING EVENTS

Friday.
Picnic Supper, Country Club.
M. E. Foreign Missionary Picnic.
Mrs. J. W. Watts, Assembly Park.
St. Ann's Guild, St. Luke's Church

To Carnival
Misses Ruth and Seville Crawford and Katherine Roper and Misses Perry, Claire and Austin, of Chicago, attended the carnival at Flock Falls Wednesday and Thursday dined in Grand Detour at the Shefield. The young gentlemen are with the St. James choir camping near the Assembly.

In Nachusa
Mrs. Winger of this city was the guest of Miss Anna Emmett, in Nachusa Thursday.

To Los Angeles
D. O. Hoover and son, who have been visiting at the home of Mr. Hoover's sister, Mrs. John Honeycutt, of Amboy, the past month, leave Friday for their home in Los Angeles.

Social at St. James
A fairly successful social was held at the Brick schoolhouse on Wednesday night, although the heavy rain storm in the earlier evening kept many away. About \$27 was taken from the sale of ice cream. The net proceeds go to the ladies of the St. James church.

Scramble Supper
A number of the members of the Moose Lodge and their families enjoyed a scramble supper and social evening, with games and music, in the Moose clubrooms Wednesday evening.

From Valparaiso
Hugh Sennett, who is in training at Valparaiso, Indiana, is home for a visit with his wife and baby daughter at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gonneman, and with his people, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Sennett.

Oak Forest Red Cross
Members of the Oak Forest unit, Red Cross, met yesterday afternoon with Mrs. Ira Rutt. Thirteen were present and these followed the example of the Prairievile Social circle and Wolverine Red Cross unit by unanimously agreeing to cook suppers for threshers during harvest. It was also decided not to have meetings during the remainder of the threshing season, but Mrs. John T. Lawrence Sr. will have articles from the Red Cross shop on hand and those desiring to continue sewing at home may call at her home. The work of Wednesday was the making of a dozen surgical shirts.

At Stephens Home
Robert Cowles of Bloomington last evening joined his wife for a visit at the Dr. Stephens home.

To Chicago
Miss Irene Hatch went to Chicago today for a short visit.

Law nSocial
The social to be given on the lawn of the M. E. church last evening has been postponed until tomorrow evening. Ice cream will be served and the public is invited.

To Pennsylvania
Warren Egoe, who has been visiting this uncle, Harry Ream, at Brown stead for two weeks, returned today to Belle Vernon, Pa.

With Relatives
Miss Rose of Chicago is a guest at the home of her nephew and niece, Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Shaw, 424 Eighth street.

Send the Evening Telegraph to your soldier boy. It is as good as a letter from home.

BY MAIL
The Dixon Evening Telegraph in Lee and adjoining counties, \$4.00 a year in advance.

FRAIL Girls
—the pale, timid sort—are short in vitality. Proper glasses and suitable food are wonder workers for such.

Dr. W. F. Aydelotte
Neurologist and Health Instructor
23 Crawford Ave., Dixon, Illinois.
Phone 160 for Appointments

NOTICE

Although everything connected with my business has advanced, my prices remain the same:

Plain shampoo, 50c; with hot oil or witch hazel, 75c
Curling and dressing 10c to 25c extra.

Hair dressing.....25c to 50c
Manicuring.....50c
Facial massage, \$1.00 per hour
Facial massage, per half hour.....50c
Switches made from combings, per ounce.....50c

FLORENCE E. DUSTMAN
Beauty Shop

Palmyra Mutual Aid

A pleasant meeting of the Palmyra Mutual Aid was held Wednesday at the home of Mrs. Bert Pearl, with twenty members and quite a number of young people present. Pajamas were made during the afternoon and four of these were nearly completed. At noon an excellent scramble luncheon was enjoyed. The society voted to give \$25, the same amount given to the Red Cross, to the Council of National Defense. The next meeting will be held in three weeks with Mrs. Jack Meyers, of Everett Street, Dixon.

At the Pines
Mr. and Mrs. George Schmidt, Mr. and Mrs. Phil Woolever, and their guests, Atty. and Mrs. Hamilton and daughters, of Chicago, picnicked at The Pines Wednesday.

In Polo
Atty. and Mrs. Hamilton and children, of Chicago, went to Polo Wednesday evening where they were guests at the Frank Gilbert home. The children remained there while Atty. and Mrs. Hamilton drove on to Clinton, Ia., Thursday.

St. James Red Cross
Members of the St. James Red Cross met Wednesday with Mrs. Royster and sewed for the refugees in France. The next meeting will be in two weeks, August 8th at the Red Cross shop in Dixon.

Illini Hall Tonight
The dancing party at Illini Hall, Grand Detour, tonight promises to be an enjoyable affair and a large crowd is expected from Dixon and surrounding towns. Good music will be provided and a cordial invitation is extended to everyone.

With Granddaughter
Mrs. Susan Brooks is visiting her granddaughter, Mrs. John Boucher, of Oak Forest for two or three weeks while her son, Attorney Clarence Brooks is away from home on business.

At Lodge
Miss Frances O'Malley is spending some time at Graybill Lodge, Lowell park, a guest of her school friend, Miss Marion Smith, who is a niece of Mrs. Graybill.

Rebekah Meeting
A regular meeting of Minnie Bell Rebekah Lodge will be held this evening in I. O. O. F. hall.

Benefit a Success
The ladies of the Lincoln unit Red Cross are jubilant to day over the success of the basket social given last evening at the Spencer Henderson home to obtain a benefit fund for the August contingent of boys who are to enter the National army. By 8 o'clock, the hour announced for the opening of the program, a large crowd had gathered. Every number on the program was enjoyable and heartily applauded. On the program were two highly pleasing piano duets, the first given by Mrs. Underwood and daughter Miss Mary and the second by Mrs. Ray Carson and Miss Hazel Boese. Several vocal numbers, which delighted the audience, were given by Miss Seville Crawford and three young men.

Porch Party
The Sunday school classes of girls of the M. E. Sunday school taught by Miss Ethel Leake and Mrs. Thomas Clayton, on Wednesday evening enjoyed a porch party and supper at the home of Mrs. Clayton on Peoria avenue, 22 members spending a delightful evening.

From Ashton
Mrs. Clifford Luckey, son Rolland and daughter Alice are guests today at the home of the former's father, Casper Krug, in Dixon.

With Grandmother
Miss Athena Himmel of Radcliff, Ia., is here visiting her grandmother, Mrs. C. E. Bishop of West Third street.

At Assembly
Mrs. M. D. Shippert, Mr. and Mrs. M. Hirsch and family started to camp today in a tent on Third street at Assembly park.

To Assembly Park
Mr. and Mrs. George Brunner of North Dixon have moved to what used to be the golf club house at Assembly park to remain during the Assembly sessions.

Luther League Social
The members of the Luther League will have an evening social tonight in the parlors of the Ferman Lutheran church instead of the party to have been held last evening at the Wm. Blum home near Nachusa; which was abandoned because of the rain.

Iowa Couple Wed.
Ray L. Lewis and Miss Minnie May Parker, both of Harlan, Ia., were united in marriage at 11 o'clock this morning at the court house. Justice Gannon read the service.

Boys of Baptist S. S.
The boys of the Baptist Sunday school class taught by Mr. Weaver are requested to meet at the north end of the Galena Avenue bridge at 8 o'clock Sunday morning for a hike to Lowell Park, where the lesson study will be given. All boys are requested to bring their lunches. Capt. Cushing will accompany the boys, who will be given a free boat ride home.

Rockford
Mrs. J. E. McIntyre is visiting friends in Rockford.

Printed or engraved invitations, B. F. Shaw Ptg. Co.

Messrs. Klahre, Perry and Austin, members of the camp of St. James choir of Chicago. The latter, who is chorister of the Church of the Good Shepherd, also gave several piano solos. Recitations by little Miss Avis LieVan and Dorothy Hoover afforded much pleasure. The readings by Mrs. Albertine McKenney were delightful. Hon. J. P. Devine gave a very pleasant patriotic address.

At the close of the program came the sale of baskets and the company certainly went "over the top" in purchasing them. Auctioneer Ira Rutt had good buyers. The basket bringing the highest price was that made by Miss Viola Fleming of Dixon, which was sold to George Crawford for \$25.00. The total sum netted from the auction was \$125, which was much more than the ladies of the unit had even dared to hope for and they are very grateful to those who made donations, to the buyers, and to everyone who made the evening one of profit as well as pleasure. Mr. Fleming of Dixon donated a box of cookies which brought \$6.50. Among the donations were spring chickens given by Mrs. Ray McCune. One of these netted \$2.50.

That the hearts of all present are with our soldiers who are willing to give their lives for the protection of our hearths, was evident. The evening closed with a piano and cornet duet by Mrs. Underwood and her son Warner Underwood an dthe singing of "The Star Spangled Banner."

Dedicate Service Flag

An impressive service held last evening at Knights of Columbus hall after the business session, the W. C. O. F. dedicated its service flag bearing 33 stars.

After singing America, with Mrs. Max Blase at the piano, Rev. Father Foley gave an inspiring address. Miss Bessie Denny sang "God Be With Our Boys Tonight" with an expression of feeling that found echo in all hearts. Harry Kelly gave a recitation on the service flag which was well received.

A second major address was given by Atty. J. E. Erwin, always a fluent and masterly speaker. Mrs. Max Blase gave a delightful solo and The Star Spangled Banner ended the musical program.

The service flag was presented during a flag drill by Miss Bessie Kennedy and received by Mrs. Elizabeth Haley, Chief Ranger of the order. Those taking part in the drill were the color bearers, Miss Anna Blackburn and Mrs. Monahan, who bore the U. S. flag, and Mesdames Pettit, McCoy, Schweinsberg and Minnehan, who bore the large service flag.

Refreshments were served by the committee, Mrs. Sheehan, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Gorham and Mrs. Schweinsberg, at the close of the program.

The 33 stars represent sons, brothers or husbands of the members of the order, as follows:

Frank McCoy, Lawrence McCoy, Walter Barry, Thomas Barry, John Sheehan, Wm. Loftus, Wm. Root, Dr. Dan O'Malley, Joseph Keenan, Harold McIntyre, Frank McIntyre, John McIntyre, Joseph Gannon, Joseph O'Malley, Wm. Penrose, Richard Long, Daniel McIntyre, George Hilliker, Charles Nagle, Charles Murphy, Henry Murphy, Wm. Kennedy, Philip Reilly, Wm. Reilly, Edwin Collins, George Downey, John Palmer, Leo Berard, George Berard, Frank McCarthy, Edward Mealey, John Lynch, Paul Smith, Bartholomew Blackburn, Joseph Clark, Royal Fitzsimmons, Harry Hogan.

ADD TO HARDNESS OF BRICK

Scientist Explains Why Straw Is a Necessary Ingredient in the Process of Manufacture.

Everyone is familiar with the story of how Pharaoh commanded his taskmasters to increase the burdens laid on the Israelites by withholding from them the straw wherewith to make bricks, says the Popular Science Monthly, and doubtless many have wondered wherein the hardship lay. By most people, probably, the view has been held that the straw was added as a binding material, much as hair is used in the mortar; but such an explanation is scarcely satisfying when it is remembered that the straw fiber is a very weak one. Alexander Findlay says in his "Chemistry in the Service of Man":

"About fourteen years ago it was found by Dr. E. G. Acheson, to whom we owe the discovery of carbonium and the process of making artificial graphite, that when clay is mixed with dilute solution of tannin it becomes much more plastic, and the strength of the dried brick is, moreover, greatly increased. Although straw does not contain tannin it was found that when straw is treated with water, the extract obtained has the same action on clay as tannin has, the plasticity of the clay and the hardness of the brick being greatly increased."

TAXICAB DRIVERS KNIT BUT THEY ARE WOMEN

TO ASSEMBLY PARK

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IOWA COUPLE WED.

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GOOD FRESH STOCK

Fresh crop baby lima beans, lb. 16c

Plain shampoo, 50c; with hot oil or witch hazel, 75c

Curling and dressing 10c to 25c extra.

Hair dressing.....25c to 50c

Manicuring.....50c

Facial massage, \$1.00 per hour

Facial massage, per half hour.....50c

Switches made from combings, per ounce.....50c

Plain shampoo, 50c; with hot oil or witch hazel, 75c

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DIXON EVENING TELEGRAPH

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MEMBER OF AUDIT BUREAU OF CIRCULATION.

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MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein.

All right of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.

TO REGISTER THREE THOUSAND

Registration for the United States Army Nurses' Reserve by the local units of the Woman's Committee, State Council of Defense, will begin in all parts of the state, Monday, July 29th, and continue for two weeks. The quota of Illinois is 3,000; the entire number to be registered throughout the nation is 25,000.

Local units of the Woman's Committee, of which there are 1,900 in Illinois, will establish headquarters in schools, libraries, or other convenient buildings in their communities, and will be urged by the Woman's Committee of the State Council of Defense to have present a woman physician, teacher, nurse and welfare worker, if possible, to answer questions and explain the work which will be required of the volunteers.

Registration cards and literature received from the Woman's Committee in Washington is being forwarded this week to all local units from the state headquarters in Chicago by Mrs. Frederick A. Dow, vice-chairman of the Woman's Committee of the State Council of Defense.

The young women of the state who are urged to register for service in the Student Nurses' Reserve, must hold themselves in readiness until April 1, 1919, to go into training in civilian and army hospitals.

There will be two types of service—preferred and deferred. In the first class will be registered those who can go immediately to any hospital where they are needed, though they may state their preference and will be assigned there if possible. In the deferred class the candidate pledges herself to go into service near home or in specified hospitals. These will be called upon only after the preferred class is exhausted.

Women will be given an opportunity to enroll in any one of three ways. They may pledge themselves only for civilian hospitals; only for the Army Nursing School recently established with branch schools in selected military hospitals; or for both. Those of superior qualifications will be given the preference.

Many of the hospitals have offered to give advanced standing of from six months to a year to young women who are college graduates, and who have had sufficient scientific training. The course normally takes three years, never less than two.

Student nurses receive board, lodging and tuition free at practically every training school, of which there are 1,579 in the country, and in most cases they receive a small remuneration to cover books and cost of uniforms. Nobody will be assigned to any school whose conditions of training are not approved by the State Board of Examiners.

The need for a reserve of student nurses is imperative on account of the large number of trained women who have been called to service abroad, and the further large number which will be needed within the next few months. Student nurses can take charge of all cases of minor illness, relieving trained women for severe cases and for supervision.

It is the hope of the Woman's Committee that Illinois will register her entire quota of 3,000 in the preferred class, with a surplus of deferred class registrants equally large.

COMPETITION IN SOUTH AMERICA

Announcing the opening in Buenos Aires of a branch bank of the Yokohama Specie bank of Japan, our commercial attache reports that during 1916 and 1917 "there were large increases in the receipt of manufactured goods. A number of Japanese salesmen visited Argentina and took orders of considerable value for rubber goods of all kinds, electrical goods, canvas, rope, string, glassware, drugs, porcelain goods, and many other articles that formerly came from Europe." There are now two lines of steamers plying between Japan and Argentina, the Asaka Shosen and the Nippon Yusen Kaisha, and very soon monthly sailings will be established. We must look to see Japan a lively competitor in South American trade in the years to come, and with the present tariff policy in force, Japan will also give us plenty of competition to consider in our home market.

Fearing the evasion of the payment of taxes after the war by emigration, the German government has enacted a law requiring persons liable to such taxes to leave 20 per cent of their taxable property as security on leaving the country. It would be interesting to know the destination of prospective Hun emigrants.

CITY IN BRIEF

George Welty of Marion was here on business today.

W. W. Gilbert will go to Freeport Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Aschenbrenner, Marion Aschenbrenner and Mrs. W. S. Frost and daughter of Bradford were here Wednesday.

Ed Gaffey of Clinton, Ia., was in town Wednesday on business. He is employed in the Northwestern offices.

J. M. McInay and wife and T. H. Stearns and wife of Polo were here Wednesday.

Atty. C. C. Brooks is in Chicago on several weeks' business visit.

Mrs. Andrew Brown, Mrs. Earl Holdridge and daughter Alida are here Thursday from Sterling.

Subscribe for the Telegraph—the oldest paper in Lee County, now in its 68th year.

Have you used the Twin Tube and Rubber Co.'s Tires. None better on the market. Tred-Well casings and Last-Well tubes.

Mr. and Mrs. George Null and Mrs. Baltzley of Nachusa motored Thurs. morning to Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. David Warner, of near Nachusa, were callers at the home of Mrs. Welty, of Nachusa, today.

If you are having trouble with your feet now is a good time to purchase a box of Healo—absolutely the best foot remedy on the market. Sold by all Dixon druggists.

White paper for the picnic supper table, 1 cent a sheet, at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Noble, son Utley, and daughter Dorothy Jane, motored in their Cadillac to Chicago Monday.

Mrs. D. F. Seyster, of Pennsylvania Corners was here Thursday.

Charles Keyes, Jr., made a business trip to Mendota yesterday.

Mrs. Eells and the Misses Eells have returned from a few day's visit at the Edgewater Beach hotel, in Chicago.

Calvin Peterson has returned to Chicago after spending four days in Dixon with friends.

The lost coat advertised for by Levi Coan has been returned to this office. Kindly call for same. 1702

John Davies, cashier of the City National bank, who has been away for a two weeks' vacation south and east, is expected home soon.

John P. Honeycutt, of Route 4, Amboy, was in Dixon Thursday.

Joe Erierton, Ed May, Chas. Peters, H. Wahl, Wm. Green, Chas. Rabbit and Dave Jamison of Amboy were here today, witnesses in the condemnation matter now on trial in county court.

Wm. James of Amboy was here today.

Mrs. Harriet Fayev is here from Belvidere, a guest at the home of Circuit Clerk and Mrs. E. S. Rosecrans.

SON BORN.

A son was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick J. McIntyre are the parents of a son, born Wednesday.

The little fellow has been named George after his mother's brother, who is a soldier in France. He is a fourth in a family of three boys and one girl, the boys—Stanley, Edward, George, and Lucy. In his father's family there are also three boys and a girl. The second son was named after a brother of Mr. Lawton's, Edward, who was in the Civil War.

TAKEN TO HOSPITAL.

Mrs. Frank Maronde of Franklin Grove was taken to the Dixon hospital Thursday for treatment. She is the wife of the postmaster at that place.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFER.

Rodney M. Ayres to Joseph A. Covert wd \$2300 pt nwq 32 Dixon.

5 lbs. of the best 21c coffee in Dixon for \$1.00

A large assortment of cookies at 1b. 20c

Jello, any flavor, per pkg. 10c

5 No. 3 cans good peaches. 1.00

1-2 gal. Mazola cooking oil. 1.25

12 cans small Dundee milk. 70c

1 doz. Mason 2 qt. fruit jars. 1.05

100 lbs. cheese, 1 year old, at 1b. 30c

Seedless raisins in pkgs., 2 for. 25c

2 cans King Ko Raisins, 2 for. 25c

10 bars Swift Pride soap. 55c

2 9-oz. pkgs. Swift's Wool soap flakes. 25c

Armor's laundry soap, 10 bars. 49c

Phone your order for beets for canning, per bushel. 1.15

Plenty of watermelons and canteloupes.

Lard compound, per lb. 28c

Best pure lard, per lb. 32c

Good Luck Oleo, 34c, or 2 lbs. 67c

Good cooking apples, per peck. 50c

DELIVERIES 5c

ABE MARTIN



there. These two fellows couldn't get enough of us.

The next morning we started back. We had stayed longer than any other ship is allowed but by special permission on and being on neutral duty (Chile is a neutral country) this could be done. Any ship staying in there more than twenty-four hours is interned. There are plenty of Germans there but only one Chilean cruiser. As one fellow said there, when he heard we had 1200 aboard, "That is more than we had in our whole navy." I guess we made a favorable impression on the natives, at that.

We took a short cut all the way back, not seeing land at all. They were going to try to make Balboa on the coal we had but couldn't do it so we stopped off at Callao, Peru, and took on 300 tons, which cost us \$61.00 per ton. Then we proceeded on our way, arriving here yesterday morning without accident of any kind and not one case of sickness. Pretty good record. Ray (Ray Arnold), you probably know by now, was transferred off here before we went to Chile. They do sentry duty here on ships in dock and going through the Canal. He is not here now—went through before we pulled in—over at "Colon" now. That is where we coal after we get through the Canal. We go through there some day this week and after that I don't know where. Don't know whether we will go back to Fleet at Base 2 in the Philadelphia Yards, or Guantanamo Bay, Cuba—another base for our ships during winter. Hope it is to the states—then for leave as soon as we get in. Bob (Bob Anderson) is writing now. Mac is with us—all feeling and looking fine. I weighed 180 pounds today.

We received most of our mail and this morning another one and two bunches of papers. Talk about a wonderful feeling. The pictures were great. I have some collection of pictures to show you. I can't smile in a picture, it seems.

Well, I will quit for this time. Just wait patiently and I will get there sooner or later. Bob is coming with me and probably the kid in the picture with me. Keep the letters coming—I like them. Haven't read the papers yet. It's some hot place here but the most wonderful place in the world, excepting Illinois.

Lovingly,
Frank J. Gorham,
U. S. Vermont,
care Postmaster,
Fortress Monroe, Va.

FORM NEW URAL STATE.

Amsterdam, July 25—The Bolsheviks have abandoned a new government has been formed in the Urals, dispatches today from Moscow state. The government is under the leadership of Gen. Dutov.

Russian Commands, Allies?
Basel, Switzerland, July 25—According to Russian newspaper dispatches received here, Gen. Gurko, former commander of the Russian armies on the southwestern front, who was expelled from Russia last October, has been placed in command of the entente allied forces in the Murman coast region.Bolshevik Attack Chinese
Peking, June 16—Correspondence—The amban or Urga, Mongolia, is having trouble with the Bolsheviks and he reports to the Chinese government here that Bolsheviks have crossed the frontier from Kalgan, Siberia, and attacked Miamachen, the Chinese section of Urga.

We are sending the Evening Telegraph to many soldier boys. Why not to yours. Call No. 5, The Evening Telegraph, for rates.

PIGEON PIE IS EXPENSIVE DISH

By Associated Press

London, July 26.—The most expensive pigeon pie which perhaps has ever been served anywhere was enjoyed by members of the allied diplomatic colony in Jassy last spring.

One February afternoon one of the Allied Ministers received a crate of fine pigeons. There was no mark to indicate the sender. The pigeons were killed and cooked that evening.

and a number of the Minister's colleagues, including American Minister Vopicka, had their fill of pigeon pie.

A week later a delayed telegram reached the Minister who had been host at the dinner. It was from a high military officer of his government, directing him as to the disposal of a "very valuable consignment" of carrier pigeons which had been sent him after a long course of training and which were designed to take an important part in certain highly confidential negotiations then pending.

THE GREAT AMERICAN STORES CO.

United States Food Administration License No. G 03945
87 Galena Avenue Store No. 154 Dixon, Ill.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY, JULY 27th.

EXTRA SPECIAL CRYSTAL WHITE SOAP

10 bars for 49c

Limit 10 Bars to Customer

EXTRA SPECIAL LARD COMPOUND

12 lbs for 49c

Limit 2 pounds to Customer

SPECIALS IN CASE GOODS

Rice Lake Brand Peas per doz.	\$1.65	Big Chief Tomatoes, No. 2 per doz.	\$1.54
Rice Lake Brand Peas case 2 doz.	\$3.27	Big Chief Tomatoes No. 2 case 2 doz.	\$3.05
Auto Car Brand Peas per doz.	\$1.77	Auto Car Brand Peas per doz.	\$1.77
Auto Car Brand Peas case 2 doz.	\$3.51	Galvanic Soap, 100 bars	\$5.39
Holman Brand Tomatoes No. 3, per doz.	\$2.15	Holman Brand Tomatoes No. 3, per case.	\$4.27
Water Melons.	45c	Large Ivory Soap, 100 bars	\$9.69
		Creme Oil Toilet Soap 12 bars	\$1.00

REGULAR PRICES

1 lb Calumet Baking Pdr 23c	5 lbs Best Coffee.	\$1.00	
1 lb A. & H. Soda.	6c	1/2-lb Bunte Cocoa.	19c
1 Pkg Quaker Oats.	10c	1/2-lb Baking Chocolate.	21c
3 Rolls Toilet Paper.	11c	3 doz Fruit Jar Rubbers.	21c
50c can Maple Syrup.	41c	2 cans Keen Kleaner.	9c
2 lbs Ginger Snaps.	25c	5 lbs Light Karo Syrup.	43c
Water Melons.	45c	5 lbs Dark Karo Kyrop.	39c

LEE COUNTY FOLK IN SUNNYLAND HAD BIG PICNIC LAST SATURDAY

Clarence Krinbill Sends The Telegraph Account Of Enjoyable Day

HELD AT LONG BEACH

List of Former Dixonites Who Attended Is Of Interest Here

(By Clarence Krinbill)

Long Beach, Cal., July 21—Yesterday again the former residents of Dixon and Lee county gathered in large numbers in beautiful Sycamore Park, Los Angeles, for their annual reunion—and to many of us, who have attended all of the affairs our society here in California has held, this occasion proved to be the most enjoyable. The day was perfect, the place ideal, and the company most congenial. The crowd gathered at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and remained until 7, picnic suppers being spread at 5 o'clock. The afternoon was spent in greetings and reminiscences.

WILSON IN APPEAL TO COUNTRY TO STOP MOB LAWLESSNESS

(Continued from page 1)

concerned by the situation the president decided to address his fellow countrymen and to declare that "every mob contributes to German lies about the United States what her most gifted liars cannot improve upon by way of calumny."

Statement In Full.

The president's statement in full follows:

"My Fellow Countrymen:
"I take the liberty of addressing you upon a subject which so vitally affects the honour of the nation and the very character and integrity of our institutions that I trust you will think me justified in speaking very plainly about it.

"I allude to the mob spirit which has recently here and there very frequently shown its head amongst us not in any single region, but in many and widely separated parts of the country. There have been many lynchings, and every one of them has been a blow at the heart of ordered law and human justice. No man who loves America, no man who really cares for her fame and honour and character or who is truly loyal to her institutions, can justify mob action while the courts of justice are open and the governments of the states and the nation are ready and able to do their duty.

Fighting Lawlessness.

"We are at this very moment fighting lawless passion. Germany has outlawed herself among the nations because she has disregarded the sacred obligations of law and has made lynchers of her armies. Lynchers emulate her disgraceful example, I, for my part, am anxious to see every community in America rise above that level, with pride and a fixed resolution which no man or set of men can afford to despise.

"We proudly claim to be the champions of democracy. If we really are, in deed and in truth, let us see to it that we do not discredit our own. I say plainly that every American who takes part in the action of a mob or gives any sort of countenance to it is not the son of this great democracy, but its betrayer and does more to discredit her by that single disloyalty to her standards of law and of right than the words of her statesmen or the sacrifices of her heroic boys in the trenches can do to make suffering peoples believe her to be their saviour.

"How shall we commend democracy to the acceptance of other peoples, if we disgrace our own by proving that it is, after all, no protection to the weak? Every mob contributes to German lies about the United States what her most gifted liars cannot improve upon by the way of calumny. They can at least say that such things cannot happen in Germany except in times of revolution when law is swept away!

"I therefore very earnestly and solemnly beg that the governors of all the states, the law officers of every community, and, above all, the men and women of every community in the United States, all who revere America and wish to keep her name without stain or reproach, will co-operate—not passively merely, but actively and watchfully, to make an end of this disgraceful evil. It cannot live where the community does not countenance it.

Counts On People.

"I have called upon the Nation to put its great energy into this war and it has responded—responsible with a spirit and a genius for action that has thrilled the world. I now call upon its men and women everywhere to see to it that its laws are kept in violation, its fame unmarred. Let us show our utter contempt for the things that have made this war hideous among the wars of history by showing how those who love liberty and right and justice and are willing to lay down their lives for them upon foreign fields stand ready also to illustrate to all mankind their loyalty to the things at home which they wish to see established everywhere as a blessing and protection to the peoples who have never known the privileges of liberty and self-government.

"I can never accept any man as a champion of liberty, either for ourselves or for the world who does not reverence and obey the laws of our own beloved land, whose laws we ourselves have made. He has adopted the standards of the enemies of his country, whom he affects to despise.

"WOODROW WILSON."

SHERIFFS RAISE WAR MEASURES OF NATION

(Continued from page 1)

Mayor Schmidt and the city council and made the first address as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: In behalf of the City Officials of Dixon, and also the citizens, it is a great privilege to me to extend to you a most cordial welcome here. We feel you have come to one of the most beautiful cities in the State of Illinois, and Illinois is a state we are all proud of—both for its location almost in the center of the United States, and also for the historical record it has made in the hundred years of its statehood. We are celebrating this year the one hundredth anniversary of the admission of our state into the Union, and I am sure, as loyal citizens of Illinois, that its star in the constellation of Old Glory, is a matter of utmost pride to every one of its citizens.

We are proud of the men who have been citizens of this state and who have made a record in the annals of our nation—those individuals who have in the past been selected by the nation as its own; those who with all their strength and sinew defended the Union in time of civil strife, and who today are defending with their lives the principles of liberty and freedom.

As we meet here today—representatives of the protective power of the state—we feel we also have work to do in defending and protecting the record of our state. There is no state which has done more in the past for the defense of the Union, and no state which will do more in the future, than Illinois. Today we are sending our boys across the water to defend the exalted principles on which our government was founded, and for which our state has always stood in the past.

There can be no question that the citizens of our state, as a whole, are loyal, and it goes without saying that the great rank and file stand for the country and for the work that the nation is doing. The fact that some few possibly do not realize their responsibility and do not realize what it means to be a good citizen of this great nation of ours, makes it all the more necessary that each of us should do our part, in our several communities, in showing them the way, and with firmness, if necessary, bringing to their minds a realization of the fact that a divided allegiance cannot be endured.

You gather here today to discuss those questions which are pertinent to your own particular work, with an aim to make even more efficient your efforts in your own localities. It is a pleasure indeed on the part of the citizens of Dixon to welcome you here, and you receive from us the most cordial and heartfelt welcome. We gladly open to you the gates of the city, and express the hope that you will enjoy every minute of your stay here. We trust association together, both from a social and business standpoint, will be of advantage to you, and that it will work for efficiency in the very best sense of the word.

Gentlemen, I extend to you, in the name of the mayor and councilmen of Dixon, and also the citizens, a most hearty greeting and earnest welcome.

He was followed by States Attorney Edwards, who said:

Mr. President and Gentlemen: I haven't in mind anything especially to say to you. Mr. Phillips requested me to say a few words, and I am always glad to do as he wishes. It gives me the utmost pleasure to see you here. This is the first time an Association of County Officers of this state has paid this city the courtesy of an annual convention, and our people are grateful to you, and appreciate your presence here.

The sheriff is the chief officer of the county; the highest office in the county is that occupied by him; he is the enforcer of the law—many people think the state's attorney is, but such is not the fact. The prosecutor simply tries the cases, and the sheriff procures the evidence, and is the one who is chargable with the enforcement of the law; the state's attorney is merely his legal guide.

It is with gratification that I can say we work in perfect harmony in this county. The relations between the sheriff's and state's attorney's offices, in my experience, have always been of the most pleasant nature, and carried on without the least evidence of friction. In some counties, unfortunately, there has been some lack of harmony between these offices. The relations between county officials who have anything to do with law enforcement, ought always to be of the most cordial nature. There should always be a spirit of forbearance and forgiveness so to speak, and a mutual desire for co-operation.

I am satisfied, from the type of men I see before me, that you are men of the character that will work in harmony with your brother officials. This fall all of you go out of office. You have served a brief period of four years, and just as you become efficient and learn the duties of your office, the law steps in and obstructs further service. Gentlemen, such a law, in my opinion, is without a reason; and I say to you if a constitutional convention should be called in this state after the fall elections, to provide the draft for a new constitution. I earnestly hope that it may provide that county treasurers may succeed themselves in office.

I cannot understand the application of a rule which denies to an efficient officer the privilege of a second term if the people desire to grant it. If a man proves to be an efficient sheriff, he ought certainly be permitted to give the public the advantage of the experience he has had, and the service he is capable of. If he proves inefficient the voters will surely become aware of it during his first term, and fail to endorse him for the second; hence no harm can result in a law of this kind. Let it provide that sheriffs and county treasurers stand on the same plane as other officers so far as succession is concerned.

Now I don't want to go into the on of any suggestions to you; you know your dues better than I

do. It is sufficient to say that I am glad to have you here, and hope at some future time your Association will see fit to again meet with us. I am satisfied, when I look at you that your people would stand by you for re-election if it were possible to vote for you a second time, and that the four years you have been in office would be a guarantee to them that the next four years would be an improvement, if possible, on your first term.

We are proud to have representative bodies come to our city. We are proud of this courthouse, which the bounty of our people erected for us eighteen years ago; we feel we have something of worth and beauty to show you in this building. We are proud of our city, one of the oldest perhaps outside of the city of Galena—represented by one of you here today—in the State of Illinois; a city noted back even in Indian times; a place where some of the tragic scenes of the Blackhawk war were enacted; a city that has produced men who have been of great influence in the history and life of our state.

We extend to you a warm welcome to our community, and hope at some time you will return again. Sheriff J. L. Wilson of Pekin, Tazewell county, president of the state association, responded to the toasts briefly, after which the afternoon was spent socially at the court house and at the headquarters at the Nachusa Tavern.

For Auto Tour.

The heavy rain of the afternoon interfered with the arranged plans for the day, as it had been planned to take the guests on a long auto tour through the city and surrounding country. However, at about 5 o'clock a short trip was taken to the Borden Milk factory, the Rock River Assembly grounds, the Brown shoe factory and the Grand Detour Plow works.

Evening Social.

In the evening the guests were entertained at the Elks club by the house committee, who served a nice luncheon. Music whiled away the earlier part of the evening and later, with States Attorney Harry Edwards officiating as toastmaster, toasts were responded to by W. B. Brinton, John H. Byers, George Scholl of Joliet, Attorney Harry Warner, George Richmon of Rock Island, Judge John B. Crabtree, Sheriff Vincent of Jo Daviess county and Sheriff Philpott of Dixon.

Convention Notes.

It became known during the meeting that Sheriffs G. N. "Bruce" Welch of Clinton, Carlyle of Clinton county, both republicans, are can-

didates for representatives in the General Assembly.

Sheriff Welch proved a wonderful story teller. One of his best was concerning a very popular negro at one of the aviation camps, who was always ready and willing to do all he could for the boys. But he absolutely refused to get into one of the airplanes. He would crank their autos for them, brush their clothes, and do anything else—but nix on the flying. Finally he was pressed for his reason for refusing to take a flight, and he answered: "No, sah, you'll nevah git me into one of dem dar machines. You'll git me foah or five miles up in de air and then de engine would stop and whah the debil would stand when you'll be to me, 'George, you git out and crank her!'"

Sheriff Welch of Clinton was again appointed "purchasing agent."

Among those present, as shown by the register, were: J. L. Wilson, Tazewell county; George E. Flescher, McLean; James "Sharkey" Scott, DeKalb; George A. Linsley, Platt, Milton Vincent, Jo Daviess; H. F. Berry, Whiteside; William Mackay, Ogle; George Richmond, Rock Island; C. H. Draper, Fulton; B. Scholl, Joliet; Deputies George Banning, Ogle; Edwin Hess and Abner McCoy, Tazewell.

CO-OPERATION IS STORES' KEYNOTE

By Associated Press

Copenhagen.—The cooperative stores of the Scandinavian countries are forming an organization for central purchasing of all groceries and other commodities. It is said that the total business which can be thus centralized, will amount to more than \$50,000,000 a year.

ALL BAVARIANS MUST GET WORK

By Associated Press

Amsterdam.—The Bavarian minister of war has issued an order in all towns and villages of Bavaria, directing that "every person capable of work, irrespective of rank, age or sex, shall be compelled to aid in the harvest on the order of the local authorities."

HAD OPERATION.

Mrs. Frank Schrock underwent a serious operation this morning at the hospital.

"If Only the Sweet Moments Could Last!"

There were times, in Ruth and Brian's married life, when they seemed perfectly compatible—when their companionship was complete.

Then the storm clouds would come, again, and the period of happiness would be over; once more they would find themselves quarreling over trifles and jarring each other's nerves.

At these tempestuous periods, Ruth would wonder if they had not made a mistake in marrying each other. Brian, too, had these misgivings in regard to the suitability of their marriage.

But wait! Does not the fact that there were sunny periods at all, leave just the possibility that there might be sunshine all the time, under the right conditions? Of course it does. And do the right conditions ever come?

Learn by reading "The Wife" which starts Monday in The Telegraph.

Hot Weather Clothes

These hot days will not be oppressive if your clothing is of a weight in keeping with the temperature.

Try one of our light weight two-piece suits, made of appropriate, hot weather materials—Dixie weaves, tropical worsteds, Palm Beach materials, at \$12, \$15 to \$25, sizes to 48

They're inexpensive, slightly and above all, cool and comfortable. : : :

Palm Beach trousers; washable both light and dark patterns, sizes 28 to 48 waist—\$5.00. : : :

Straw Hat—A special lot we're offering at \$1.45. These are short lines, part of the "Briscoe stock", together with an assortment of our own goods, sizes 6 3-4 to 7 3-8.

Oxfords, in Summer weights white and Palm Beach—\$3.



New Shirts Cool Knee-Length Underwear Wash Ties

\$1.00 to \$8.50

\$1.00 to \$3.00

25c, 35c, 50c, 65c

Special Lot of Sport Shirts, short sleeves, adjustable open collar

—light fancy patterns, sizes 14 to 17—65c, two for \$1.25.

Boyn顿-Richards Co.

"The Standardized Store"

"WOODROW WILSON."

THE NIGHT FLYER

By HENRY M. NEELY

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CHAPTER IV.

That Accursed Provan's Daughter.
The gossip of the loungers in the barroom of the inn had evidently not overrated Casserta's ability as an aviator. In the inky blackness of the moonless night he circled widely over the field, the loud throbbing of his motor betraying his whereabouts as he swung back and above the hangars, climbing all the while.

Overhead I could follow him by the purple-and-orange exhaust of his Gnome, and I saw that he was aiming high. Twice he appeared above me in his wide spiral. Then I heard the sound of his engine grow fainter and fainter as he headed south.

His direction added another to the series of puzzles that the day had brought me.

The rocky point with its group of huts was northeast of the field, and Casserta — as he did now — always flew to the south. It was probable, however, that he did it merely to allay any suspicion that might be aroused by his nocturnal expeditions and to divert possible investigators from the real direction of his goal.

I watched until Sanojas had returned, and, after lowering the light, had flung himself again upon the couch. Then I climbed down once more from the ladder.

I did not propose to leave the field yet. The mechanician had left the doors open and had not undressed, and I knew that he intended to await the return of his chief. So did I.

The events of the night had made me more than ever determined toathom this mystery — not from any motives of mere curiosity, but from an ever-increasing desire to be of some help to that wonderfully beautiful girl who lived in such constant terror among the conspirators on the point.

There was but one plan that presented itself to me with anything like feasibility. I must follow Casserta on one of his nocturnal expeditions.

Everything pointed to him as the man who had made those tracks upon the sand, yet I could not make a move for her until all doubt had been swept aside and I knew definitely that he was partly at least responsible for her predicament.

With this in view I mapped out my campaign as I waited on the silent field for Casserta's return. The grounds of the International Company's school were but twelve miles to the southwest. There I had many good friends, who would be glad to see me fly over to visit them the next day, and who would place a hangar at my disposal.

Tad, my mechanician, should hide in my own hangar at night, and the minute Casserta and Sanojas went out on the field to start he should phone me from my shed, and, with the greater speed of my Bleriot, I could easily overtake the Farman before it reached the point.

After two hours or more of waiting I heard from far to the south the faint humming that warned me of the Mexican's return. Evidently Sanojas had not been asleep, for he had risen when I mounted to the window.

He took the lantern from its hook on the wall, turned it fully up, and flushed out upon the field. I could see the light plainly through the open doorway. Slowly at first, and then faster and faster, he began to swing the lantern in a circle at arm's length. It was evident the signal for his chief to land.

The sound of the motor grew in volume until it was almost overhead. Then it ceased suddenly, and I heard the whine of the air cut by wires and propeller as Casserta coasted down.

More quickly than I had expected, the aviator himself hurried into the hangar, carrying the lantern. It was obvious that he was wildly excited and in a towering rage. He removed his flying clothes, flinging each article with an oath into a corner, and when Sanojas wheeled the machine in Carrera whirled upon him.

"Shut the doors!" he commanded in Spanish.

I blessed the recent exhibition tour of Latin America that had enabled me to pick up a fair smattering of his native tongue.

"Listen, little one," he continued, so low that I could scarcely hear — "there is a man on this field who needs a long rest."

Sanojas' rat eyes narrowed comprehendingly.

"Some one has been indiscreet?" he asked.

"You have said it, friend of my heart! Some one with a monoplane landed today where no man may land and live to tell of it."

The little mechanician started violently.

"Madre di Dio!" he exclaimed in consternation. "There is a holiday then in store for the soul of that man. Who is he?"

Casserta swore horribly.

"That we cannot discover," he said. He talked with that accursed Provan's daughter; but, although we beat her — I had to knock down that big man and take the stick from him — she swore that she never seen the man before and has no way of knowing who he is. But we shall find him — you and I, my Alonzo! — and when we do —"

The mechanician's eyes flashed fire. "When we do —" he repeated.

"Our little angel with the thrill

the animation fled. I faced once more the serious problem that involved even my life itself, so complicated had it become.

With a pretense of examining Tad's work on the machine I managed to get in such a position that the knot-hole was plainly in my view. Tad was right!

A shadow on the other side moved and I could hear the faint scratching sound as though somebody rubbed against the boards on Casserta's side. In a flash of inspiration I spoke aloud. "I saw a friend of yours in the city yesterday, Tad. You remember Hazell's mechanician — the one you were so chummy with in St. Louis?"

Dear old Tad! To this day I bless the nimble brain that so quickly comprehended my plan.

CHAPTER V.
Casserta Makes Inquiries.

I remained in my place of vigil until Casserta resumed his street clothes, bade good-by to Sanojas, and left the field.

Then I returned quickly to the hotel and cast myself fully dressed upon the bed to snatch a few hours of troubled sleep, but, before daybreak I was awake again and had aroused Tad from his slumbers. Over breakfast I told him the whole story from the hot field.

Tad's eyes shone eagerly as he listened to my story.

I thought that there was a look altogether too comprehending in them as I tried to describe the beauty of the girl and the impression she first made upon me, so from that point onward I avoided that part of the subject, painfully conscious that my cheeks had flushed guiltily, and that Tad had smiled understandingly when he saw it.

Our plans were quickly completed, and we reached the field shortly after the matinal influx of aviators that daily followed the arrival of the early train from the city.

In Thomas's shed I saw Sanojas talking shrewly with the American's mechanician. Thomas also flew a Bleriot — a monoplane. Farther along I saw Casserta just taking leave of Sanderson and walking away.

Sanderson flew a Nieuport — also a monoplane.

I followed the Mexican slowly. He appeared to have no definite object in view, but paused in his walk to shake hands with Faubre, a little Frenchman, and the two entered into an animated conversation. Faubre flew a Deperdussin — another monoplane.

The Mexican's search was on. He paid no attention to the biplanes.

And I was the only monoplane flier whom he had ignored in his stroll down the line. Evidently the watcher at the knot-hole had been completely deceived into believing that both Tad and I had been in the city the previous day.

Linderman was just descending in his Bleriot as I walked out upon the field.

I joined the clamoring group that gathered about him, confident that Casserta would soon be there, for Linderman was another of the monoplane fliers whom the Mexican would want to question. It took only a few minutes to prove that I was right in my surmises.

The Night Flier approached us with every appearance of nonchalance, stopping to exchange some laughing words with a girl in the crowd, shaking hands with one or two others, and gradually working his way to where Linderman and I stood by the fuselage.

"It was a beautiful flight, señor," he said to the aviator with every show of cordiality. "Ah! That I could fly with such certainty and skill."

Linderman laughed good-naturedly. "Why," he exclaimed, "they tell me that you do wonders out here at night."

"Pouf!" Casserta shrugged his contempt for his own efforts. "Mere little hops, señor, to try my young wings. At night the whole world sleeps in safety under strong roofs, and no man need fear that I shall smash up him in the air as I tumble drunkenly about."

"And how is the automatic stability device coming on?"

"Slowly, señor, slowly. I work on him still, for I need him sadly. I fear I shall never achieve stability without him for these clumsy hands of mine refuse to learn."

"You ought to fly during the day," suggested Linderman. "You could better and it would be safer. Such a day as yesterday would be just right for you. There was not a breath of air."

I saw a sudden gleam come into the Mexican's eyes.

"So!" he purred. "Was Senior Linderman out here then, yesterday?"

"Yes," said the American. "I ran out in my automobile, but there was no one about so I went back again." "Without flying?"

From farther down the row came the staccato notes of a Gnome, settling to a deep, powerful purr; it ran a moment steady and then the key grew higher as the mechanicians released the machine and it sped away on its preliminary run.

All about us was life and gaiety and animation; the happy voices, the women's laughter, the little shrieks of ecstatic apprehension as the man in the air dipped or banked steeply, the calls of man to man as the machines were trundled out — all of this got into my blood, thrilled me through and through with the vibrant fire of the greatest sport that has ever been devised.

So completely did it take possession of me as I changed my clothes that I had almost forgotten the unbelievable chimera of the girl on the point until Tad, working quietly about the Bleriot, stooped under the plane-end nearest me and whispered:

"Some one at the knot-hole high up on the opposite wall. Be careful."

In a flash the gay spirits, the thrill

unit he has seen me. Make an appointment for him to meet me at the hotel tomorrow, and insist on absolute secrecy."

"You will have to tell him everything," suggested Tad.

I pondered a moment.

"Yes," I said. "I believe I will. I know of no one whom I would rather confide in than Linderman, and it might be as well to have an aviator of his ability and courage working with us."

"All right," Tad answered. "I'll tip him off."

A shadow on the other side moved and I could hear the faint scratching sound as though somebody rubbed against the boards on Casserta's side. In a flash of inspiration I spoke aloud. "I saw a friend of yours in the city yesterday, Tad. You remember Hazell's mechanician — the one you were so chummy with in St. Louis?"

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"I was in the city, too," said Tad. "Spent the afternoon with a girl I know there."

He went to the tail of the machine, hoisted the fuselage to his shoulder and began to push the Bleriot out of the shed. I saw the shadow disappear from the knot-hole.

There were, perhaps, a dozen men about as I passed.

They came running over to me, and I felt that luck was with me when I saw that the class was in charge of Eakins, a man toward whom I had a genuine liking, and for whom I had been able to do a number of favors in the past.

The pupils wheeled my machine into an empty hangar for me and I led Eakins aside. Without going into too many details I told him what I wanted to do.

"If you will be so good," I said, "I should like you to stay out here with me tonight. I shall need light to land by. It is necessary that absolute secrecy be maintained, so if you can, I wish you would see that there is no one else on the field after dark."

He nodded his head kindly.

"Sure, Carrigan," he said. "Anything you say goes with me, and I'll not ask any questions. I know you too well to think that you're trying to put across anything on the school, so you just tell me what you want done and you needn't bother to explain it to me."

During the heat of the day I lay on the cot in the hangar trying to make up for the sleep I had lost the night before.

Eakins brought his automobile out late in the afternoon and took me to the hotel for dinner and we returned for the evening flying. One by one the machines were put away, the hangars locked, and the aviators and their friends departed.

Finally, Eakins and I were left alone.

There was nothing to guide me but the most careful estimates of angle, speed, and distance; but luck was with me, for when I cut out the motor again and spiraled, I heard Casserta below me and slightly to the south, and straining my eyes through the darkness finally made out the dull glow of his exhausts.

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5c a Word Two Weeks	12 Times
9c a Word a Month	26 Times

Rates for Locals (a line a day) 5 cents
Card of Thanks 50 cents
Reading Notices, per line 10 and 20 cents
(according to position)

WANTED

WANTED. We pay highest market price for rags, rubber, iron, hides, wool and paper stock. Also junk and second hand automobiles. Will call for your orders promptly. Your business greatly appreciated. Always call Phone 81. J. Sinow, Dixon, Ill. 484*

WANTED. Maid. Apply at hospital. 138tf

WANTED. All kinds of junk, wool, hides, etc. Full market price paid. Doing business with me means more money for you. Telephone 85. S. W. Rubenstein, Junk Yards at 315 Highland Ave. 95tf

JOB PRINTING and will give you an estimate at any time on any job. Call phone No. 5.

WANTED. Men. Steady employment, good wage. Apply at once. Borden's Condensed Milk Co. 152 20

WANTED. Girls. Steady employment, good wages. Apply at once. Borden's Condensed Milk Co. 152 20

WANTED. Cook at Central Restaurant; good wages. Wm. Fowler, Amboy, Ill. 125 tf

WANTED. Agents. \$5 to \$7 daily selling New Fibre Brooms; every woman will buy. Sample by parcel post, .55 cents. Wm. Broom Co., Elmira, N. Y. 163 8*

FOR SALE. Good 2nd hand pulleys, hangers, shafting, pipes, flues, bolts and numbers of other usable stock. Can be seen at Dixon Iron & Metal Co., 625 W. 2nd St., few blocks west of P. O., Dixon, Ill. 146tf

FOR SALE. 160 acres farm 2 1/2 miles from Dixon, well located; price right. D. M. Fahrney. 162 12*

FOR SALE. 160 acre farm for sale 2 miles east of Wheaton, Minn., county seat of Traverse Co. House, barn, well, etc. 110 acres in wheat this year for half rent. Cash for pasture. Crop rent should make \$2,000 this year. Can give possession this fall so plowing can be done. Nice level land with good black soil. Price for quick sale \$75 per acre. Terms to suit to responsible party. Reason for sale: I am too busy to give it proper attention. Also 116 acre farm 1 1/2 miles north of Compton, Lee Co. Improved farm rented this year for half crop and cash for pasture. Quick sale at \$150 per acre. Easy terms to good party. H. L. Fordham, owner, Dixon, Ill. 163 3

FOR SALE. Dayton airless tires are trouble-proof and ride like air tires. C. S. Barton's Garage, Phone Peoria Ave., Dixon, Ill. Phone X1182. 168 4*

FOR SALE—Turnips fresh from garden. Call K-1160. 145tf

FOR RENT

WANTED. Good second hand steel range. Phone K719. 154tf

WANTED. Lady bookkeeper at the American Wagon Co. 165tf

WANTED. Stenographer. Must be competent and attentive to duties. Address P. O. Box 165. 165tf

WANTED. Men. Apply at the American Wagon Co. factory. 165tf

WANTED. Cash for Old Teeth. Don't matter if broken. I pay \$2 to \$25 per set; also cash for old gold, silver, platinum, dental gold and old gold jewelry. Will send cash by return mail and will hold goods 10 days for sender's approval of my price. Mail to L. Mazer, 2007 S. 5th St., Phila., Pa. 153 24*

WANTED at once, a man for delivering meat, and shop work. Apply to Henry Abt, Chicago Meat Market. 169 2

WANTED. Fireman and laborers. Good pay and steady work. Apply at Sandusky Cement Co. office. 168 w

WANTED. HIGH SCHOOL BOYS Capable wheeling sand, helping carpenters, etc. 40c per hour. Building Construction, Amboy, Ill. 168 6 pd. W. J. Zetterill Co.

WANTED AT ONCE—Man, wife and child desire one, two or three furnished rooms in modern home where they may have privilege of cooking at least two meals a day. Please call the Evening Telegraph office between 6 and 7:30 this evening.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE. Must sacrifice large, double, two story house and lot 28, Highland Park Add., Dixon, Ill. Fine location. Cost over \$8,000.00. Make offer. C. W. Farr, Maquoketa, Iowa. 132 24

FOR SALE—Large hard coal burner in good condition. Inquire at 116 W. Boyd Street. 169 2

FOR SALE. Iowa farm at a bargain to settle estate. 240 acres well located in central Iowa. 2 sets of buildings; when fixed up a big profit to buyer. For quick sale \$145 per acre will buy it. Surrounding land worth \$225 per acre. C. M. Forbes, 1014 N. Crawford Ave., Dixon, Ill. 167tf

FOR SALE. Strictly modern 6-room bungalow; hot water heating, laundry, 2 screened porches, garage, etc. Call Phone K647. 161tf

FOR SALE. Iowa farm at a bargain to settle estate. 240 acres well located in central Iowa. 2 sets of buildings; when fixed up a big profit to buyer. For quick sale \$145 per acre will buy it. Surrounding land worth \$225 per acre. C. M. Forbes, 1014 N. Crawford Ave., Dixon, Ill. 167tf

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AMERICAN ROSE AWARDED MEDAL

By Associated Press

Paris, July 26.—A rose of American origin was awarded the gold medal the highest award, yesterday at the annual competition of new roses at Bagatelle, the famous rose garden in the Bois de Boulogne. Variations had come from all parts of France, England, Holland and the United States, the winning rose being one named from the city of its origin, Los Angeles.

The jury, composed of celebrated rose-growing experts, considered the claims of an English climbing rose, the Paul Scarlet Climber.

SOVIET SHAKEN STATES LENINE

Amsterdam, July 26.—Premier Lenin, in a speech in Moscow before the government factory committee, said that the position of the Soviet government had become extremely acute in view of international complications, counter revolutions and conspiracies and the food crisis says a Moscow dispatch to Berlin.

Housewives will want white paper for the pantry shelves and bureau drawers. It can be purchased at the Evening Telegraph office for 1 cent a sheet.

FOR SALE. Base burner stove. Enquire at 414 Boardman Place, or Phone Y272. 147tf

FOR SALE. Early Ohio potatoes, extra fine. Price right. John Connolly, 1217 W. 4th St. Call at noon or after 4:30 p. m. 168 6*

FACTS ABOUT GREAT AUTO RACE SUNDAY

INFORMATION FOR DIXONITES WHO MAY ATTEND RACE IN CHICAGO

Facts about the First Annual International Sweepstakes at Speedway Park Sunday afternoon, July 28, at 3 o'clock:

Driver Country
Ralph Mulford. United States
Dario Resta. Great Britain
Arthur Duray. Belgium
Louis Chevrolet. France
Ralph De Palma. Italy

Ira Vail. United States
Purse—\$27,000. To winner, \$17,000; second, \$5,000; third, \$3,000; fourth, \$1,500; fifth, \$500. Each driver pays \$2,000 entrance fee.

Conditions—Five heats at two, ten, twenty, thirty and fifty miles with flying starts.

Referee—C. E. Patterson.
Starter—Thomas J. Hay.
Stakeholder—Dick Greiner.

Admissions—Club section boxes, \$3.50; all the rest of main grandstand and boxes, \$2.25; infield, \$2; backfield stand, \$1.10. All include admission, seat and war tax. All parking space, including infield, is free.

Transportation—Ten special trains on Illinois Central beginning at noon, from Randolph and Van Buren street stations; special four minute service on Metropolitan elevated lines to terminal near track; special trains on Aurora & Elgin electric line; special auto bus line from State and Adams streets direct to track.

RAIL WORKERS GET \$100,000,000 IN INCREASED SCALE

Railroad Shopmen Get Big Increase and 8 Hour Day For All

500,000 MEN AFFECTED

Washington, D. C., July 25.—The wages of railroad shopmen were increased to 68 cents an hour yesterday by Director General McAdoo, with proportional advances for assistants and miscellaneous classes in mechanical departments.

The new rates, which are retroactive to last Jan. 1, are from 5 to 13 cents an hour higher than wages paid these men in most shops under the general wage advance allowed two months ago by the director general, but are somewhat less than the labor organizations sought.

Beginning Aug. 1 eight hours will be recognized as a standard working day, and overtime, Sundays and holidays work will be paid for at the rate of one and one-half times the usual rate. Back pay will be given the men as soon as it can be calculated.

Applies to 500,000 Men

The advances apply to about 500,000 men and apply flatly to all sections of the country, despite local differences prevailing heretofore. The addition to the aggregate annual pay roll is estimated as nearly \$100,000,000.

The advance is the first extensive modification of the new wage scale and was made on recommendation of the commission on railroad wages

—Look at the little yellow tag on your Telegraph. Look now! Now!

ATTACH THE PLUG

—Put the clothes in the cylinder—put down the cover—press a button. That's practically all you do wash day if you own a

Thor
Electric Washer

Think what this means. Time saved—labor saved—much less wear on the clothes—no more back-aches—wash-day drudgery a thing of the past—and all at a cost of only 2 cents for electricity. Don't put in another wearisome wash day. You can buy a Thor on easy payments.



Don't fail to come in and see the THOR in actual operation—come in before next wash day.

MOYER & SCHUMM

Successors to John E. Moyer

New rates are retroactive to Jan. 1, 1918.

Beginning August 1, 1918, eight hour day with time and one-half for overtime, Sunday work, and seven specified holidays.

The full text of the new order which deals with methods of calculating specific increases will be issued within the next week. The former wage increase order provided for percentage advances, with a minimum of 55 cents an hour for shopmen.

and working condition, following representations of shop crafts that high wages paid machinists and other mechanical workers in ship yards resulted in discrimination against rail road shop employees.

New Wage Scale.

The new scale of wages was announced as follows:

Machinists, boilermakers, blacksmiths, sheet metal workers, welders and first class electrical workers, 68 cents per hour.

Helpers, 45 cents per hour.

Foremen paid on hourly basis, 5 cents per hour more than respective crafts.

Foremen paid on monthly basis, increase \$40 per month, minimum \$155 and maximum \$250.

55 ACRE FARM FOR SALE

Located 3 1/2 miles from Dixon on stone road and one mile from school.

There is 15 acres in pasture and about 40 acres under the plow. The soil is a good black soil with a clay sub-soil.

The buildings are a good 7 room house, a good barn, 40x40 good double corn crib, Windmill and tank.

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Sample grade—95 to 135.

Oats—

July 74 1/4 75 1/4 74 75 1/4

Aug. 69 1/4 70 1/4 68 5/8 69 7/8

Sept. 69 69 3/8 68 3/8 69 3/8

CASH GRAIN—

Barley—100 to 117.

Wheat—

1 red—226 1-2.

2 red—223 1-2 to 224.

3 red—219.

1 hard—226 to 228.

2 hard—223 1-2 to 225.

3 hard—221.

4 hard—220 to 222.

Corn—

2 mixed—162.

6 mixed—136 to 141.

2 yellow—173.

3 yellow—170.

4 yellow—160.

5 yellow—148 to 153.

6 yellow—135 to 145.

3 white—175.

4 white—167 to 168.

5 white—150.

6 white—140 to 150.

Sample grade—95 to 135.

Oats—

2 white—77 1-4 to 77 1-2.

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